

The Competition and Fair Trading Commission (Malawi) organised a march in Malawi on WCD (2015)

CUTS Ghana organised a Policy Dialogue on "Cement Market: Issue of Competition or Unfair Trade Practice?" on WCD (2016)

The State Commission for Protection of Economic Competition of Armenia celebrated WCD (2017)

Georgian Competition Agency hosted a seminar on "EU Support in the Field of Competition" (2018)

# **WORLD** COMPETITION DAY



5<sup>th</sup> DECEMBER



### **Archive: World Competition Day, 2022**

## **Competition Policy and Climate Change**

Competition policy can play a role in greening the economy, including by incentivising for green innovation and empowering consumers to make informed decisions. Since, collective initiatives by businesses are mooted to fight climate change, competition policy is a key to ensure efficient allocation of capital needed to reach environmental goals.

The 2022 Activity Report showcases the activities undertaken by different countries across the globe to commemorate the World Competition Day on 5th December, 2022.

https://incsoc.net/pdf/Activities World Competition Day-2022.pdf



CUTS Geneva organised a conference along with the representatives from WTO. UNCTAD etc. in Geneva (2019)

Competition Council of Latvia in cooperation with the Procurement Monitoring Bureau, held a discussion (2020)



Competition Authority of Albania celebrated the day through a video projection on the University of Tirana's building (2021)







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Also at Delhi, Kolkata and Chittorgarh (India); Lusaka (Zambia); Nairobi (Kenya); Accra (Ghana); Hanoi (Vietnam); Geneva (Switzerland); and Washington DC (USA)



**International Network of Civil Society Organisations on Competition (INCSOC)** 

Website: https://incsoc.net/world-competition-day



@WorldCompetitionDay



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Philippines adopted 5<sup>th</sup> December as the National Competition Day

# Why & What?

nternational days are observed to secure attention of the society at large on certain specific and relevant aspects of contemporary human development.

Increased awareness and informed public opinion have been formed on a number of issues, once public attention on these issues were focussed by dedicating a certain date of the calendar year around them.

In order to ensure that consumers and producers from across the world realise the potential benefits from an effectively implemented competition regime, and also play their role in making competition regimes work worldwide, it is critical that focus on competition policy and law issues at an international level be strengthened. Consumer Unity & Trust Society (CUTS International) has been advocating for the need to dedicate a day in the calendar as "World Competition Day."

The International Network of Civil Society Organisations on Competition (INCSOC, <a href="https://incsoc.net/">https://incsoc.net/</a>), hosted by CUTS International, proposed that the World Competition Day be observed for the first time on 5<sup>th</sup> December 2010.

# Why 5<sup>th</sup> December?

5<sup>th</sup> December is a significant day in the calendar for the international competition community. On 5<sup>th</sup> December 1980, the United Nations General Assembly adopted the United Nations Set of Multilateral Principles and Rules for the Control of Restrictive Business Practices (UN Set on Competition Policy). Thus, it is important that the date of 5<sup>th</sup> December, 1980, be remembered and observed each year as the World Competition Day (refer: <a href="https://incsoc.net/pdf/14th Call for World Competition Day.pdf">https://incsoc.net/pdf/14th Call for World Competition Day.pdf</a>

#### Themes

A specific theme is identified each year to celebrate World Competition Day on 5<sup>th</sup> December and pursued throughout the year, globally. Below are the themes identified and celebrated since 2010.

International Air-transport Cartels and its Impact on Developing Countries	1 <sup>st</sup> WCD (2010)
Cartels and their Harmful Effects on Consumers	2 <sup>nd</sup> WCD (2011)
Adverse Impact of Cartels on the poor	3 <sup>rd</sup> WCD (2012)
Adverse Impact of Cartels on the poor	4 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2013)
Competition Issues in Public Procurement	5 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2014)
Competition Issues in Public Procurement	6 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2015)
Linkages between Competition and Intellectual Property	7 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2016)
Re-imagining Competition Policy and Law in the Era of Disruption	8 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2017)
Digital Economy, Innovation and Competition	9 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2018)
Ensuring Effective Competition in an Increasingly Online World	10 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2019)
Competition Policy and Access to Healthcare	11 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2020)
Competition Policy for an Inclusive and Resilient Economy	12 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2021)
Competition Policy and Climate Change	13 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2022)
Prioritising Socially Sensitive Sectors	14 <sup>th</sup> WCD (2023)

#### Actions from around the Globe...

Competition agencies, institutions, CSOs and other stakeholders, etc. organised awareness programmes and various activities to celebrate World Competition Day (Refer: https://incsoc.net/world-competition-day).

Supported by UNCTAD since the year 2012.

